Computer Vision I

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1 Histogram Calculation

1. Matlab-Funktion:

```matlab
function H = myHistogram(im)
    H = zeros(1,256);
    [width, height] = size(im);
    for x = 1:width
        for y = 1:height
            intensity = im(x,y);
            assert(intensity >= 0 & intensity <= 255, "Not
                all matrix elements are between 0 and 255");
            H(intensity+1) = H(intensity+1) + 1;
        end
    end
    H .*= 1/(width*height);
end
```

2. Generate the plots:

```matlab
% Read the images
fruitsA = imread('images/fruitsA.png');
fruitsB = imread('images/fruitsB.png');

% Calculate the histograms
histA = myHistogram(fruitsA);
histB = myHistogram(fruitsB);

% Plot the histograms
figure();

subplot(2,2,1);
```

```matlab
13  imshow( fruitsA );
14  title('fruitsA.png');
15
16  subplot(2,2,2);
17  plot(0:255, histA);
18  axis([0 255 0 0.04]);
19  title('Histogramm for fruitsA.png');
20  xlabel('Intensity');
21  ylabel('Probability');
22
23  subplot(2,2,3);
24  imshow(fruitsB);
25  title('fruitsB.png');
26
27  subplot(2,2,4);
28  plot(0:255, histB);
29  axis([0 255 0 0.05]);
30  title('Histogramm for fruitsB.png');
31  xlabel('Intensity');
32  ylabel('Probability');
33
34  print('Histograms','-depsc')
```
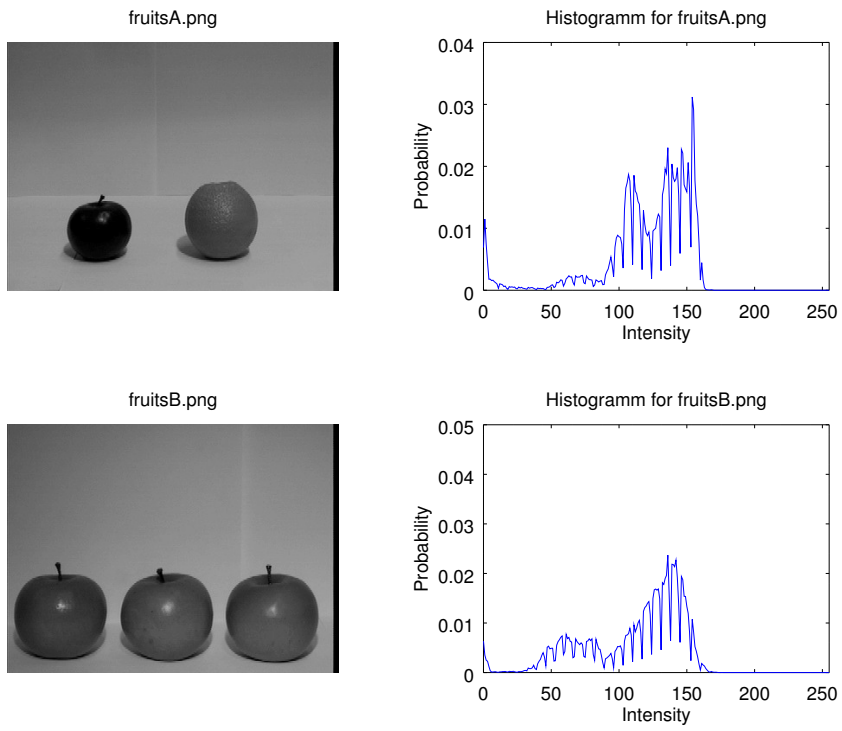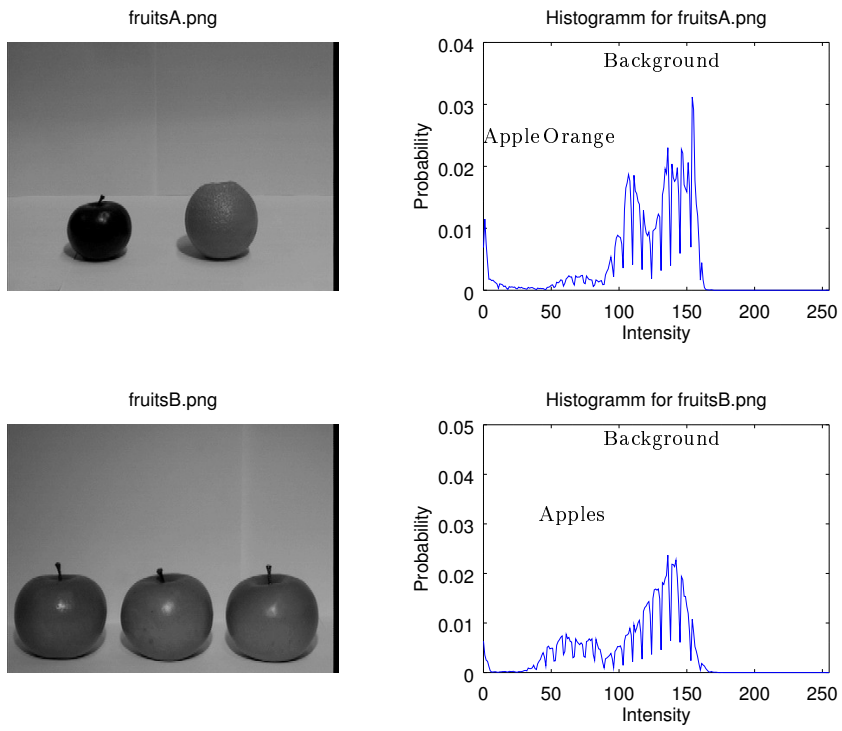
3.

Abbildung 1: Plot of the histograms
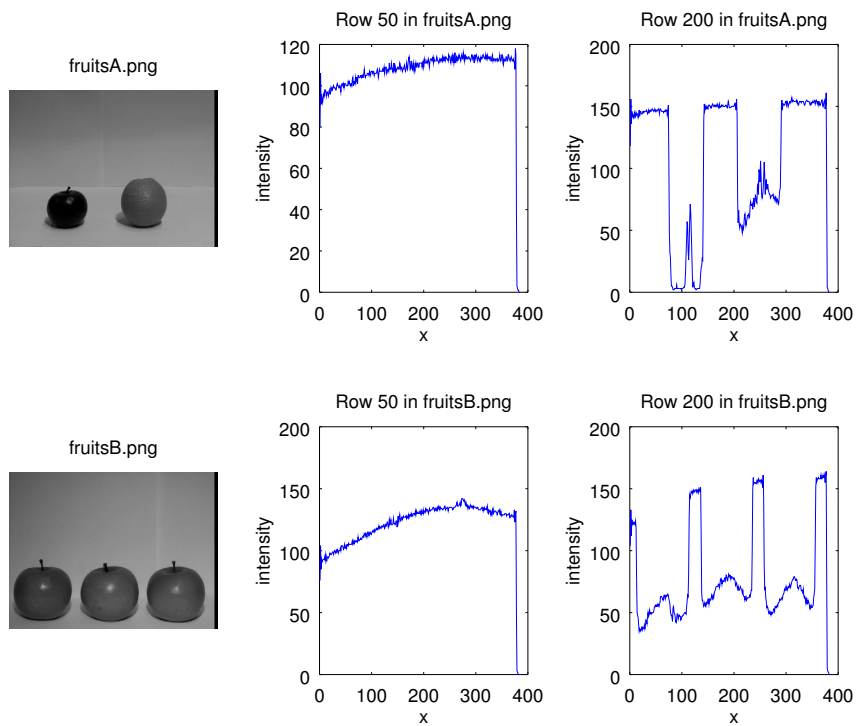
4.

Abbildung 2: Plot of the histograms

5.

Abbildung 3: Plot of the rows

2 Local weighting

1.
$$\begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ 1\cdot 1 + 1\cdot 1 & 1\cdot 1 & -1\cdot 1 + -1\cdot 1 + 1\cdot 1 & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ 2 & 1 & -1 & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{pmatrix}$$

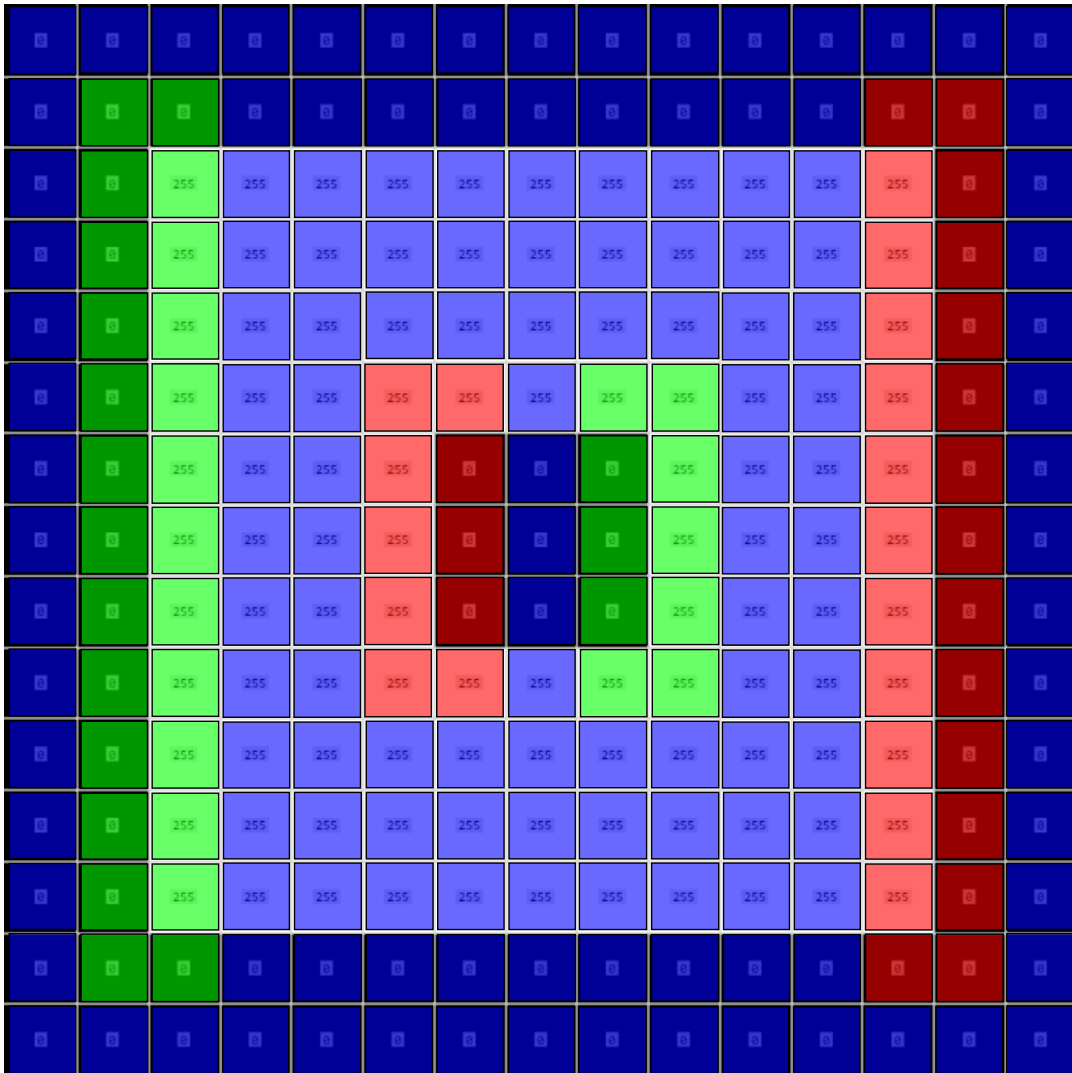2. Negative derivative in red, positive in green, zero in blue.

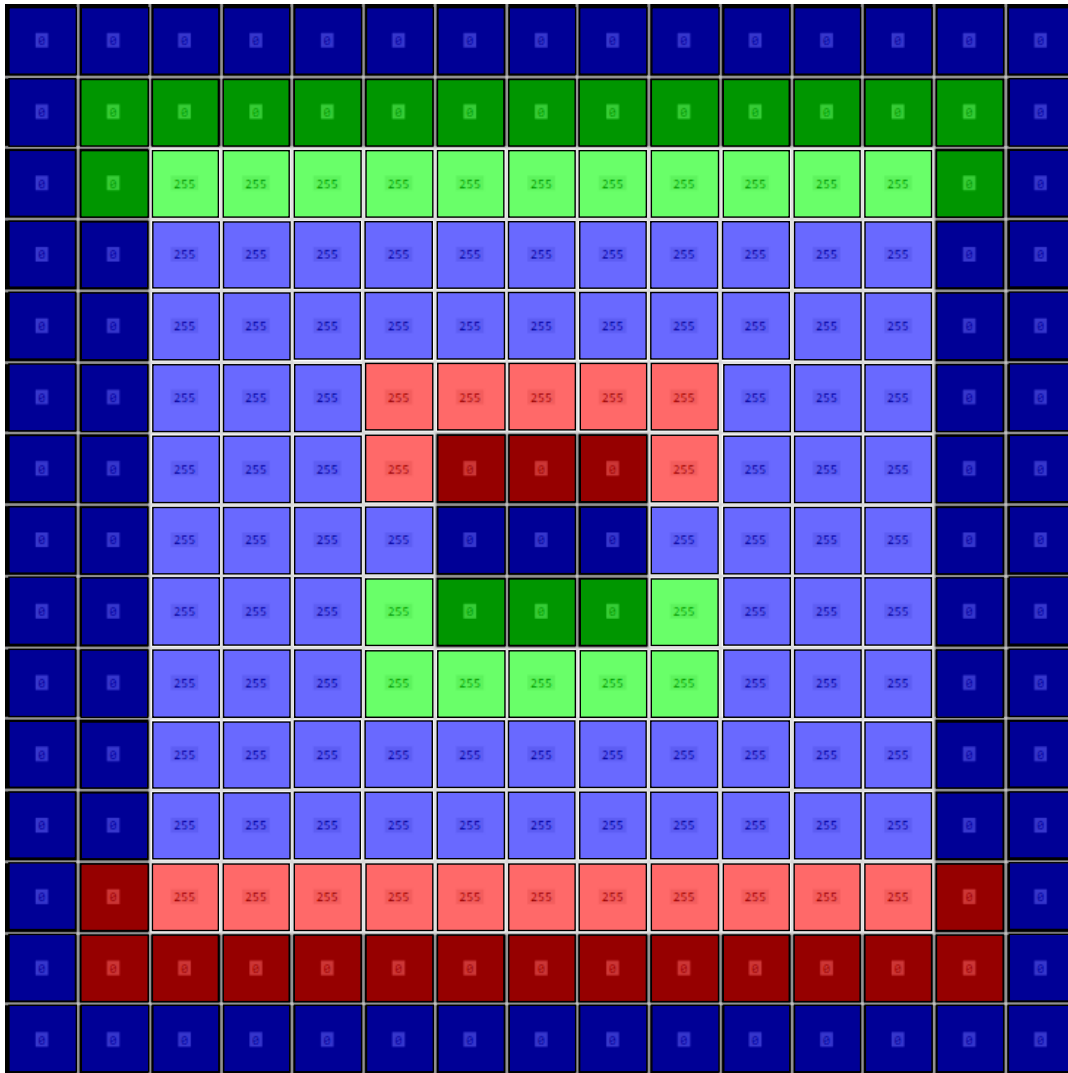Abbildung 4: Local derivative using G_x

Abbildung 5: Local derivative using G_y

3.

```matlab
1  lena = imread('images/lena.tif');
2  lenaNoise = imread('images/lenaNoise.tif');
3
4  B = ones(3,3) / 9;
5
6  subplot(2,2,1);
7  imshow(lena);
```

```matlab
8   title('lena.tif');

10  subplot(2,2,2);
11  imshow(imfilter(lena,B));
12  title('Filtered lena.tif');

14  subplot(2,2,3);
15  imshow(lenaNoise);
16  title('lenaNoise.tif');

18  subplot(2,2,4);
19  imshow(imfilter(lenaNoise,B));
20  title('Filtered lenaNoise.tif');

22  print('BoxFilter', '-depsc');
```

This filter can be used to smooth an image and therefor reduce noise. It is sort of a blurring filter.

Abbildung 6: Original and filtered images